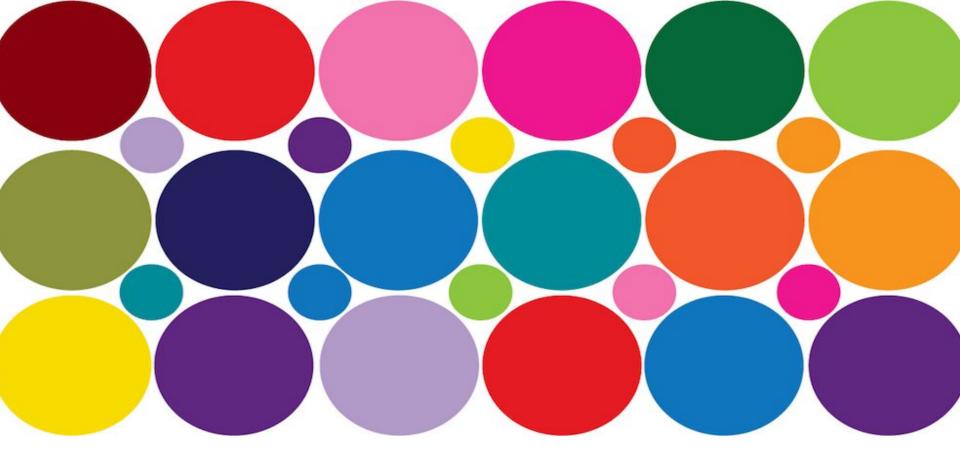
The EL Collaborative November 14, 2017



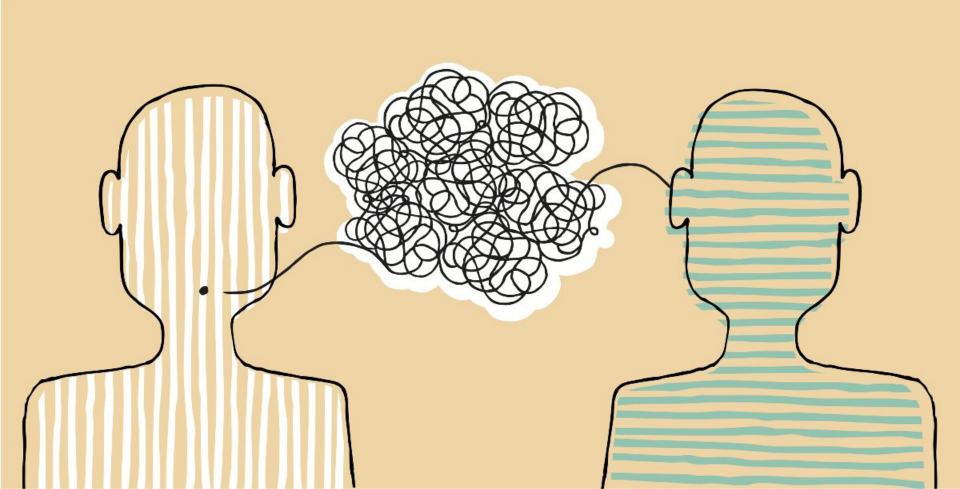


Jenn Guerrero EL Program Coordinator, SCOE



WELCOME

HOW ARE YOU?







- Housekeeping
- Biopoem (Focus on Instruction... and community)
- EL Road Map

BREAK

- Professional learning opportunities
- Rethinking Data: How to Create a Holistic View of Students
- Updates! (and time to process)
- Closure







EL News Page scoe.org/elnews

Your name isn't on the sign-in sheet? **Email Jenn!**

You haven't received any notifications from the EL News Page?

Email Jenn!

jguerrero@scoe.org











EL Collaborative Notes- 11/14/17

Focus on Instruction (and community) Biopoem





The majority of disaster-affected individuals are likely to do better if they feel safe, empowered to handle the post-disaster context, connected to others, and calmer.

US Department of Veterans Affairs



(First and Middle Name)-

Son/Daughter/Child of (your parents' names)

Lover of

Who feels

Who gives

Who needs

Who fears

Who would like to see

Who lives

-(Last name)

Jennifer Maureen-

Daughter of Rick and Bonnie Lover of life, children, the outdoors Who feels committed to the children and families of Sonoma County Who gives pretty good advice (when asked) Who needs to exercise to clear her head Who fears medical settings Who would like to see her children grow healthy and happy Who lives in and deeply loves Sonoma County -Guerrero





 How might you use the Biopoem with adults? With students?

How would you modify it for your setting?

The California English Learner Roadmap: Strengthening Comprehensive Educational Policies, Programs, and Practices for English Learners <u>The English Learner Roadmap</u> provides a common belief system for **welcoming**, **understanding**, and **educating** English Learners in our schools.





Dr. Laurie Olsen



Dr. Kenji Hakuta

Los Angeles Unified School DistrictAnaheim Union High School DistrictRedwood City School DistrictTahoe-Truckee Unified School DistrictBakersfield City School DistrictChico Unified School DistrictSan Jose State UniversityAlliance College-Ready Public SchoolsSan Joaquin County Office of EducationRiverside County Office of EducationSan Bernardino County Superintendent of SchoolsSchools

The EL Roadmap provides the vision, but there are many different roads to achieve this vision. Each LEA may choose its own road based on its local context.



TOM TORLAKSON State Superintendent of Public Instruction

EL Roadmap Shifts

New

Prescriptive, mandate-driven compliance. Focus on exactly what schools need to do

Old

- K-12 focus
- Focus on English proficiency
- One-size fits all approaches
- Focus on lack of proficiency, what students don't have (deficit oriented)

- Setting a vision and mission for California schools with research-based principles to guide local planning and continuous improvement
- Explicit recognition of early childhood education as crucial part of system
- Focus on English proficiency plus proficiency in multiple languages
- Responsive to the diverse needs of English learners
- Value and build upon the linguistic and cultural assets students bring (assets oriented)



Guidance Document

December 2017/January 2018

Web-Based Resources

January 2018 (continually updated)

Four Principles

• Assets-Oriented and Needs-Responsive Schools

• Intellectual Quality of Instruction and Meaningful Access

• System Conditions that Support Effectiveness

• Alignment and Articulation Within and Across Systems



Stay Updated

Stay Connected

Impact the lives of English Learners







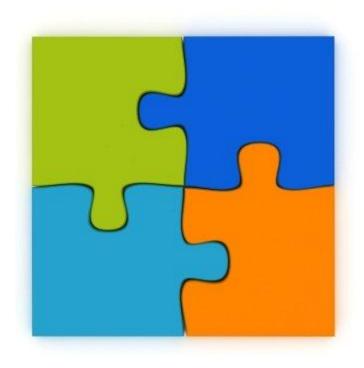














What would your principle look like in a state, county, district, school, classroom, or pre-school setting? How can you tell if a system is practicing this principle? What would you see?





EL Master Plan!

What are you going to do with this information?





Professional Learning Opportunities





2017 Accountability Leadership Institute

Accountability Leadership Institute for English Learner, Immigrant, and Migrant Student Programs



December 4-5 Los Angeles, California Registration Deadline: November 9th





Friday, January 19th 9:00 am-12:00 pm

save the date!

Leveraging the ELPAC: Deep Implications for Classroom Instruction

This workshop will explore the English Language Proficiency Assessments for California (ELPAC) through the lens of the California English Language Development (CA ELD) standards.

- engage in a guided exploration of ELPAC tasks
- recognize the clear and intentional alignment of the ELPAC and the CA ELD standards
- reflect on the implications for classroom instruction





EL Parent Leadership Conference Friday, February 9th, 8:30-2:30

- Conducted in Spanish
- Breakfast and lunch included
 - Community Resources
 - Unfortunately, no child care



SCOE EL Leadership Conference January 12th

Register TODAY!!!



Keynote Speakers

Dr. Laurie Olsen Director, SEAL Initiative



Oscar Chavez

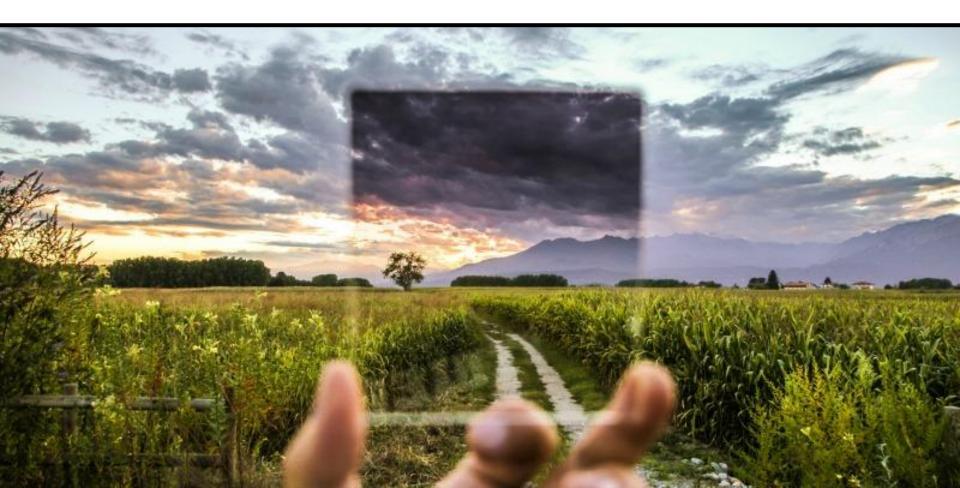
Assistant Director, Sonoma County Department of Human Services

Breakout Sessions (more TBA!)

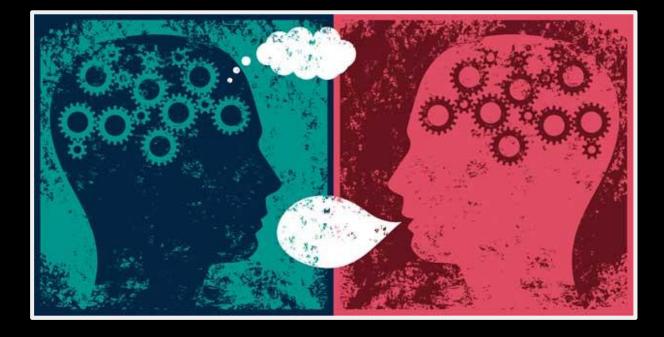
- Communication with Families of English Learners: Connecting families, cultures, and languages
- Supporting Sonoma County's Immigrant Children
- Simple, Yet Powerful Shifts to Increase Accessibility for English Learners
- Building Community for Language Development
- Supporting English Learners Through Intentionally Designed Content Objectives, Language Frames, and Vocabulary Exploration in Math
- Integrating Multilingual Learners' Everyday Uses of Language and Subject Matter Uses of Language in Secondary Classrooms (ELA, History, Math, Science)
- Steering the Ship in a new Era: What administrators need to know about policies & research in order to lead and support efforts to meet the needs of English Learners

Rethinking Data:

How to Create a Holistic View of Students



Relationships matter. As a group of students who have been largely overlooked throughout their schooling, it makes a difference when adults reach out, listen, and mentor them. As one Long Term English Learner put it, "I need to know someone cares – not just about my homework being turned in, not just about my scores, but about ME and my education."



What resonated with you?
What questions do you have?
What roadblocks do you foresee?

What are you going to do with this information?







ELPAC

English Language Proficiency Assessments for California



Transitioning to ELPAC

Fall 2017	Spring 2018	Fall 2018	Spring 2019
(17-18 SY)	(17-18 SY)	(18-19 SY)	(18-19 SY)
CELDT - Initial	CELDT- Initial ELPAC - Summative	ELPAC - Initial	ELPAC - Summative

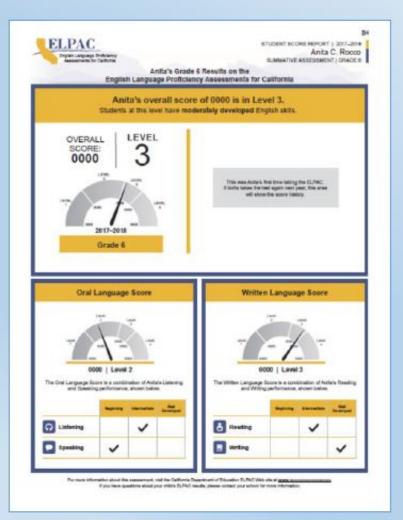


ELPAC Student Score Reports



ELPAC Student Score Report





Initial Year Student Score Report, front page



Three Year Student Score Report, front page

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

ELPAC Student Score Report Back Page

Student Score Report, back page



ELPAC

English Language Proficience Assessments for Californ

Score Reports

Overall Score- Numbers and descriptions

- 1- Beginning
- 2- Somewhat developed
- 3- Moderately developed
- 4- Well developed

Domain Scores- No numbers, just descriptions

- Beginning
- Intermediate
- Well developed









Section 2: Elaboration on Critical Principles for Developing Language and Cognition in Academic Contexts

Texts and Discourse	ELD Proficiency Level Continuum				
in Context	> Emerging>	\longrightarrow Expanding \longrightarrow	\longrightarrow Bridging \longrightarrow		
Part I, strands 1-4, corresponding to the					
CA CCSS for ELA/Literacy	Engage in conversational exchanges and	Contribute to class, group, and partner	Contribute to class, group, and partner		
1. SL.6.1,6; L.6.3, 6	express ideas on familiar topics by asking	discussions by following turn-taking rules,	discussions by following turn-taking rules,		
2. W.6.6; WHST.6.6; SL.6.2; L.6.3, 6	and answering yes-no and wh- questions	asking relevant questions, affirming others,	asking relevant questions, affirming others,		
3. W.6.1; WHST.6.1; SL.6.1, 4, 6; L.6.3, 6	and responding using simple phrases.	adding relevant information, and	adding relevant information and evidence,		
4. W.6.4-5; WHST.6.4-5; SL.6.6;		paraphrasing key ideas.	paraphrasing key ideas, building on		
L.6.1, 3, 6			responses, and providing useful feedback.		
Purposes for using language include but	2 Interacting via written English	2 Internating via written English	2 Interacting via written English		
are not limited to:	2. Interacting via written English Engage in short written exchanges with	2. Interacting via written English Engage in longer written exchanges with	2. Interacting via written English Engage in extended written exchanges with		
Describing, entertaining, informing, inter-	peers and collaborate on simple written	peers and collaborate on more detailed	peers and collaborate on complex written		
preting, analyzing, recounting, explaining,	texts on familiar topics, using technology	written texts on a variety of topics, using	texts on a variety of topics, using technolo-		
persuading, negotiating, justifying,	when appropriate.	technology when appropriate.	gy when appropriate.		
evaluating, and so on.		teennoieg, men appropriate.	B) mich appropriate.		

Level	Description
4	English learners at this level have well developed oral (listening and speaking) and written (reading and writing) skills. They can use English to learn and communicate in meaningful ways that are appropriate to different tasks, purposes, and audiences in a variety of social and academic contexts. They may need occasional linguistic support to engage in familiar social and academic contexts; they may need light support to communicate on less familiar tasks and topics. This test performance level corresponds to the upper range of the "Bridging" proficiency level, as described in the California English Language Development Standards, Kindergarten Through Grade 12 (2012 ELD Standards).
3	English learners at this level have moderately developed oral (listening and speaking) and written (reading and writing) skills. They can sometimes use English to learn and communicate in meaningful ways in a range of topics and content areas. They need light to minimal linguistic support to engage in familiar social and academic contexts; they need moderate support to communicate on less familiar tasks and topics. This test performance level corresponds to the lower range of the "Bridging" proficiency level through the upper range of the "Expanding" proficiency level, as described in the 2012 ELD Standards.
2	English learners at this level have somewhat developed oral (listening and speaking) and written (reading and writing) skills. They can use English to meet immediate communication needs but often are not able to use English to learn and communicate on topics and content areas. They need moderate-to-light linguistic support to engage in familiar social and academic contexts; they need substantial-to-moderate support to communicate on less familiar tasks and topics. This test performance level corresponds to the mid- to low-range of the "Expanding" proficiency level, as described in the 2012 ELD Standards.
1	English learners at this level have minimally developed oral (listening and speaking) and written (reading and writing) English skills. They tend to rely on learned words and phrases to communicate meaning at a basic level. They need substantial-to-moderate linguistic support to communicate in familiar social and academic contexts; they need substantial linguistic support to communicate on less familiar tasks and topics. This test performance level corresponds to the "Emerging" proficiency level, as described in the 2012 ELD Standards.

Level	Description
4	This test performance level corresponds to the upper range of the "Bridging" proficiency level*
3	This test performance level corresponds to the lower range of the "Bridging" proficiency level through the upper range of the "Expanding" proficiency level*
2	This test performance level corresponds to the mid- to low-range of the "Expanding" proficiency level*
1	This test performance level corresponds to the "Emerging" proficiency level*

*as described in the ELD Standards

ELPAC Performance Level Descriptors & ELD Standards Proficiency Levels

ELPAC	Level 1	Level 2		Level 3		Level 4
ELD Standards	Emerging	Low Expanding	Mid Expanding	Upper Expanding	Lower Bridging	Upper Bridging





Reclassification



If your district is scoring the RETEST locally:

- LEAs may use leftover 2016–17 Edition materials to test students. If additional materials are needed, LEAs may order additional 2016–17 Edition test materials through Thursday, January 11, 2018.
- LEAs must complete student testing with the RETEST by **Wednesday, January 31, 2018.**

If your district is **purchasing** RETEST scoring and reporting services from Educational Data Systems:

- You may order RETEST services and Answer Books through **Thursday, November 9, 2017**
- Testing must be complete by **Thursday, November 30, 2017**
- The last day to ship scorable materials to Educational Data Systems is **Thursday, December 7, 2017**
- The processing and reporting of tests will be complete by **Wednesday, January 31, 2018**

Guidelines for Reclassification

The LEAs are to establish local reclassification policies and procedures based on the four criteria below:

English language proficiency

- 2. Teacher evaluation
- 3. Parental opinion/consultation
- 4. Academic content assessment



California English Language Development Test (CELDT)



2016–17 and 2017–18 CELDT Information Guide

Assessment of English Language Proficiency

Use the CELDT as the primary criterion. Consider for reclassification those students whose Overall performance level is Early Advanced or higher and:

- Listening is Intermediate or higher,
- Speaking is Intermediate or higher,
- Reading is Intermediate or higher, and
- Writing is Intermediate or higher.

Those students whose Overall performance level is in the upper end of the

Intermediate level also may be considered for reclassification if additional measures determine the likelihood that a student is proficient in English.

In July 2010, the SBE modified the definition of the English proficiency level for kindergarten through grade one students on the CELDT, to require an Overall score

Guidelines for Reclassification

The LEAs are to establish local reclassification policies and procedures based on the four criteria below:

English language proficiency

For the 2018-2019 school year, this is a local decision.







ELPAC Practice Tests Now Available



Students and Families can use the Practice Tests to:

- Become familiar with the types of questions on the ELPAC
- Understand the types of English language skills that students are expected to develop
- Understand what students need to be able to do on the actual test

Teachers and Administrators can use the Practice Tests to:

- Understand the types of test questions that appear on the actual test
- Understand the alignment of the test questions with the 2012 California English Language Development Standards, Kindergarten Through Grade 12
- Create similar tasks for instructional purposes, with appropriate support, for their students
- Communicate with students, families, and teachers about the skills assessed on the test

Find them here

SPEAKING Speech Functions

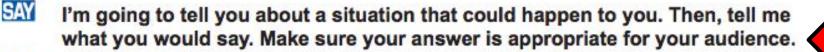
In this task type, the Test Examiner describes a situation to the student that might occur in a school context. The student then gives an answer of what he or she would say in the situation.

Aligned 2012 ELD Standards: PI.A.4, PII.B.3, PII.B.4, PII.B.5

Score 0	Score 1	Score 2
 Response does not address the language function. Response contains no English. No response, "I don't know," or is completely unintelligible. 	 Response addresses the language function in a limited way. Listener effort is required to interpret meaning. Errors in grammar, word choice, pronunciation, or intonation impede meaning. 	 Response appropriately addresses the language function in a clear way. No listener effort is required to interpret meaning. Errors in grammar, word choice, pronunciation, or intonation do not impede meaning.

Rubric





You want to know if your friend has finished working on a science project. What would you say to your friend?

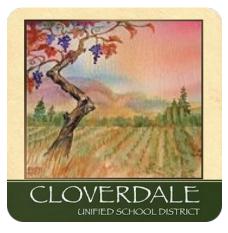
(Function: asking for information)

The student might say, "Did you finish your project?" or "How is your science project going?"

ELPAC Domain Information Sheets













English Learner Progress Indicator "ELPI"

Update on the ELPI Formula

Annual California English Language Development Test (CELDT) Test Takers Who Increased at least 1 CELDT Level Plus Annual CELDT Test Takers Who Maintained English Proficiency in the Early Advanced/Advanced CELDT Levels Plus ELs Who Were Reclassified in the Prior Year Plus LTEL CELDT Test Takers Who Increased at Least 1 CELDT Level Divided by Total Number of Annual CELDT Test Takers in the Current Year plus ELs Who Were Reclassified in the Prior Year

Updates to the ELPI Section in the CA School Dashboard Technical Guide (cont.)

LTEL definition for accountability purposes:

- Student is enrolled on Census Day (the first Wednesday in October) in grades six through twelve, inclusive; and
- Student has been enrolled in a U.S. school for six or more years; and
- 3. Student has remained at the same English language proficiency level for two or more consecutive prior years, or has regressed to a lower English language proficiency level, as determined by the CELDT; and
- 4. For students in grades six through nine, inclusive, has scored at the "Standard Not Met" level on the prior year administration of the California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress (CAASPP) English language arts/literacy.

ELPI Data Used

The data used for the Fall 2017 Dashboard will include more current data.

Dashboard Release	CELDT Data	RFEP Data	LTEL Data
March	2014-15	2013-14	NA
Fall 2017	2016-17	2015-16	2016-17

EL Collaborative 2017-2018



• Tuesday, January 23

- Tuesday, March 13
- Tuesday, May 8

