

CALPADS

February 2022

2021-22 School Year

2021-22 Fall 2 Submission

Student Course Enrollments
Staff Assignments and full-time equivalent (FTE)
English Learner Education Services

- Deadline Extension is March 11, 2022
- No Amendment Window
- Appropriate Credentials for CALPADS Course Codes
 - <https://www.ctc.ca.gov/credentials/calsaas-information/appropriate-credentials-for-calpads-course-codes>
- Appropriate Credentials for NonClassroom Based Assignments
 - <https://www.ctc.ca.gov/credentials/calsaas-information/Appropriate-credentials-nonclassroombased>

CALPADS Post Process Redesign Update

- Planned for implementation in late March 2022
- Benefits
 - Reduces the time it take to post a file
 - Provides visibility to all data discrepancies even outside of submission and certification windows

CALPADS 2022-23 School Year

- CALPADS will require Highest Education Level for both parents
- Please include this on enrollment Forms

Universal Meals

Email to ask questions: UniversalMealsSY22@cde.ca.gov

Universal Meals Program Questions and Answers

Question 16: Do Schools still need to collect free and reduced-price meal applications if all children are receiving free meals?

Yes, local education agencies participating in the NSLP and SBP will need to collect meal applications. All federal regulations still apply for the determination of eligibility for the NSLP and SBP. Meal counts submitted for reimbursement need to be claimed in accordance with the amount of free, reduced-price, and paid meals served.

Exceptions for collecting applications and traditional meal counting and claiming procedures exist for schools that participate in the Community Eligibility Provision and other Provisions.

Question 17: What is the difference between household meal applications and alternate income forms?

The purpose of the household meal application is to certify a student's **eligibility** for free or reduced-price meals or free milk benefits. Federal regulations require local education agencies (LEAs)

operating standard meal counting and collection procedures in the School Nutrition Programs to collect household meal applications.

The purpose of the alternate income form is to identify that a student's household meets the income eligibility criteria so that they may be included in the LEA's unduplicated pupil count used to determine supplemental and concentration grants under Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). Alternate income forms were developed to be used for LCFF purposes in instances when schools do not need to collect meal applications (e.g., an LEA operating Community Eligibility Provision). LEAs that are not operating provisions will continue to be required to collect household meal applications under the California Universal Meals Program.

[Town-Hall Meetings](#)

[Income Eligibility Guidelines](#) for 2022-23 School Year

Things to Think About:

- Is your district aware of the impact the Universal Meals Program will have on the collection of NSLP applications and alternative household income forms?
 - If so, has your district begun to discuss strategies for ensuring families continue to submit NSLP applications and alternative household income forms?

Key Components of Strategy Include:

- **MAKE IT EASY!**
- Add the form to the online registration
- Allow electronic submission through parent portals
- **CHANGE THE MESSAGING! Submitting the applications/forms means:**
- More funding for their school, which means more programs and services for their children
- Their child's AP testing fees can be waived
- Their child's college application fees may be waived
- Their child may be eligible for a college savings account under the California Kids Investment and Development Savings (CalKIDS) program
- **TARGET EFFORTS!**
- Focus efforts on students who are not categorically eligible for FRPM